



WELCOME TO OUR

MBUST Insights

Contributors of this Newsletter Issue:

Dr. Sarbesh Das Dangol, Dr. Rajib Subba, Dr. Sabina Shrestha, Dr. Sabin Basi, Dr. Rameshwar Rai, and the students

MBUST SECURES GRANTS

Six grants from Federal Ministry and one from NAST

By Dr. Sarbesh Das Dangol

On March 6, 2025, the Federal Ministry for Education, Science and Technology (MoEST) notified the university that the six academic staff members at MBUST have been awarded research grants as Principal Investigators (PIs). Additionally, one grant from MoEST was awarded to an MBUST staff member as a co-PI. Furthermore, a research grant from Nepal Academy of Science and Technology (NAST) has been secured by an MBUST staff member as a PI. Below is the list of awardees and research topics, including the ones previously awarded.

Research title	PI (MBUST staff)	Co-PI (Including from other institutes)	Grant (NPR)	Funding agency
Portable, scalable, environmentally friendly, and low cost plastic waste management for communities in Nepal	Dr. Rijan Maharjan	Dr. Padma Sunder Joshi	335,000	MOEST
Sustainable and resilient reconstruction of traditional stone masonry buildings in mud mortar	Dr. Kirti Kusum Joshi	Dr. Kishor Timsina	670,000	MOEST
Construction of molecular docking calculations ready ligand database	Dr. Jhasanath Adhikari Subin	Dr. Sabina Shrestha	235,000	MOEST
Extraction of natural compounds from medicinal mushrooms of Nepal for health care products	Dr. Bhushan Shrestha		730,000	MOEST
Conservation of indigenous and nutrient rich crops of Nepal: Production of millet and rice(cv. Jumli Marshi) plantlets through tissue culture and development of a rapid blast disease detection method	Dr. Sarbesh Das Dangol	Dr. Hira Kaji Manandhar, Dr. Jarina Joshi, and Dr. Anupama Shrestha	775,000	MOEST
Harnessing natural products-based food colorants from selected edible plants of Chitlang	Dr. Sabina Shrestha		720,000	MOEST
Characterization of <i>Bambusa Balcooa</i> and <i>Bambusa Nutans</i> for structural application	Dr. Kishor Timsina		2,500,000	Base Bahay, Philippines
<i>In vitro</i> production and purification of polymerases and their adoption at MBUST and TU	Dr. Sarbesh Dangol	Ms. Alina Sapkota	1,200,000	NAST
Total Grant Amount			7,165,000	
Biological control of bacterial wilt and plant growth promoting effect of phosphate solubilizing bacteria on tomato plant	Dr. Anupama Shrestha		Whole genome sequencing	GetGenome, UK

Below is the list of awardees and research topic for the co-PI from MBUST.

Research title	PI (other institute)	Co-PIs (Including from other institute)	Grant (NPR)	Funding agency
Small scale production of probiotic kefir with different flavours	Dr. Jarina Joshi	Dr. Sarbesh Das Dangol (MBUST), Ms. Sushmita Soni, Ms. Saru Maharjan	720,000.00	MOEST

MBUST Expands Outreach

TECH TALKS, COLLABORATION & MEDIA

Dr. Rajib Subba

The Digital Technology team at MBUST recently organized a series of outreach events aimed at fostering awareness and interest in Artificial Intelligence (AI) and Data Science (DS). Held between February 18 and March 12, 2025, these events provided undergraduate students with valuable insights into emerging trends, career pathways, and MBUST's advanced academic programs in AI and DS.

Objectives and Key Highlights: The primary goal of the outreach initiative was to promote MBUST's Digital Technology programs while engaging students from various colleges in Kathmandu. The events featured discussions on AI and DS trends, career opportunities, and MBUST's new intake in AI and DS as well as upcoming academic offerings, including a Master's in Cybersecurity and Digital Forensics, a PhD in Digital Technology, and an undergraduate program.

Engaging Sessions and Expert Insights: A key highlight of the event was the Tech Talk, "AI: Future Trends and Career Pathways," attended by over 550 students from institutions such as Kathford, NCIT, KCC, Texas College, Softwarica, IOE Pulchowk, KIST College, Deerwalk, LBEF, MBM College, and KFA College. Dr. Suresh Manandhar, Honorary Chair of Digital Technology, delivered an engaging session on AI advancements, job opportunities, and ethical considerations. His demonstration of an AI-based application developed two decades ago showcased the field's evolution, followed by an interactive Q&A session. Dr. Rajib Subba introduced MBUST's Master of Applied Science in AI and DS, highlighting the university's commitment to research, financial assistance, and a serene learning environment conducive to academic excellence.

Achievements and Collaborations: The event successfully generated enthusiasm for AI and DS education, drawing significant student participation. Key accomplishments included:

- Engaging over 550 students in AI/DS discussions.
- Showcasing MBUST's state-of-the-art research facilities and scholarship opportunities.
- Securing interest from various institutions for future collaborations.
- Strengthening MBUST's position as a leading research-driven institution.



Glimpses of the event

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Conclusion: MBUST's Digital Technology outreach events marked a significant step in promoting AI education and career opportunities. By addressing key challenges and incorporating strategic improvements, future events will further enhance student engagement and reinforce MBUST's role as a leader in AI and Data Science education. To enhance future initiatives, MBUST aims to introduce hands-on workshops, expand outreach beyond Kathmandu, facilitate industry collaboration, and leverage digital platforms for broader accessibility.

MBUST AND NEPAL TELECOM FORGE COLLABORATION

A significant meeting was held between the MBUST and Nepal Telecom to discuss potential collaboration in advancing academic excellence and enhancing telecommunications services through technology-driven solutions.

Representing MBUST were President Prof. Dr. Rajendra Dhoj Joshi, Prof. Dr. Suresh Manandhar, Honorary Chair of the Digital Technology Program, and Dr. Rajib Subba, Coordinator for Public Affairs and Resource Mobilization. Nepal Telecom was represented by Managing Director Mrs. Sangita Pahadi (Aryal), CTO Er. Amul Pradhan, CCO Er. Dilli Ram Adhikari, CFO Rajendra Aryal, COO Sabina Pradhan, CHRO Mr. Suraj Singh Thapa, Er. Krishna Bhandari, Er. Tilek Sharma Kandel along with other engineers and professionals from the company.



Meeting for collaboration

During the meeting, Dr. Joshi underscored the significance of MBUST and its potential to transform Nepal's higher education system. He shared his vision and motivation behind developing MBUST into a "beacon of hope" for academic innovation. Prof. Manandhar highlighted the role of Artificial Intelligence (AI) and Data Science (DS) in enhancing Nepal Telecom's service quality, emphasizing predictive maintenance and business continuity solutions. Additionally, Dr. Subba presented key MBUST agendas, fostering discussions on collaboration.

Nepal Telecom Managing Director Mrs. Pahadi expressed appreciation for MBUST's initiatives and assured that the telecom giant would actively pursue collaborative opportunities. Furthermore, both parties agreed to determine how AI and DS could be leveraged to enhance Nepal Telecom's maintenance strategies and ensure more predictable business continuity. Furthermore, Mrs. Pahadi instructed her team to assess the feasibility of installing optical fiber and micro BTS at MBUST premises to improve connectivity as requested by MBUST team.

This meeting marks the beginning of a promising partnership aimed at bridging academia and industry, fostering innovation, and strengthening Nepal's digital infrastructure.

MBUST MAKING NEW HEADLINES: INTERVIEW AND PODCAST

Interview in Baahrakhari Media

The Baahrakhari Media features an interview with Prof. Dr. Rajendra Dhwoj Joshi, the President of Madan Bhandari University of Science and Technology. Dr. Joshi emphasizes the university's focus on research-oriented education, free from political influence, to produce students capable of competing globally. He also highlights the institution's unique organizational structure, which allows for a foreign chairman and ensures autonomy by keeping political figures out of administrative positions. Financially, the university relies on donations from Nepali philanthropists and has received limited government funding, which Joshi notes is insufficient for their needs.

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Link to the interview:

<https://baahrakhari.com/detail/446491>



Interview and podcast shots from the media

MBUST President Prof. Dr. Rajendra Dhoj Joshi recently appeared on Education Dialogue, moderated by Narottam Aryal on Nepal Watch TV. During the discussion, Dr. Joshi underscored the importance of university autonomy, stressing that academic institutions must remain free from political interference. He emphasized that universities should have full control over curriculum development, examinations, and degree conferral. Highlighting the essence of academic evaluation, he stated, "Assessment should solely be a matter between teachers and students—something both professors and politicians must acknowledge."

Nepal Watch Podcast

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Link to the podcast: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=2BK-BnIVe08>

Advancing Drug Discovery

PRESENTATION ON 9TH MICROSYMPOSIUM ON APPLIED SCIENCES

Dr. Sabina Shrestha

On Saturday, March 29, 2025, Dr. Jhashanath Adhikari Subin delivered an insightful presentation entitled "MBUST at a Glance, Program and Research" in In silico Approaches in Drug Discovery: Molecular Docking and Dynamics Simulations" at the 9th Microsymposium on Applied Sciences (Nano/Bio) – 2025. The event was organized by Nepal Polymer Institute and National Institute of Engineering and Technology held in Kupondole, Lalitpur.

Dr. Adhikari's presentation highlighted the transformative impact of computational techniques like molecular docking and dynamics simulations in modern drug discovery. These methods allow researchers to predict protein-ligand interactions, optimize drug candidates, and accelerate the discovery process while reducing costs significantly. He emphasized how advancements in molecular docking algorithms have improved accuracy in binding affinity predictions, making it a cornerstone of structure-based drug design. The presentation also underscored the growing importance of integrating molecular docking with other computational tools for virtual screening and lead optimization. Such technologies can be applied to efficiently identify therapeutic targets and design drugs with greater precision, addressing global health challenges. This synergy between Dr. Adhikari's work and MBUST's initiatives underscores the integration of computational chemistry to drive innovation and address pressing health issues.

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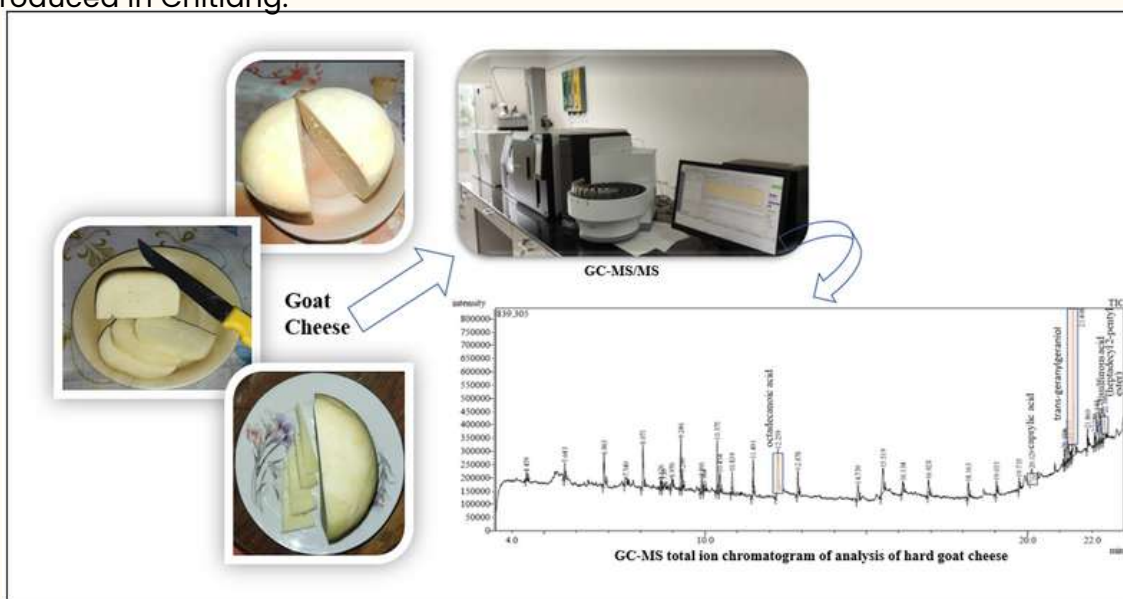
Dr. Subin Adhikari addressing 9th Microsymposium on Applied Sciences (Nano/Bio) – 2025

Goat Cheese

A FLAVORFUL SAVORY DELIGHT IN CHITLANG

Dr. Sabina Shrestha

The first goat cheese farm in Nepal is nestled in the scenic village of Chitlang, southwest of Kathmandu. The factory was established by Mr. Ashok Kumar Singh Thakuri, stands as a testament to dedication and innovation. The factory produces exquisite goat cheese using French and Belgian techniques, which has gained recognition both locally and internationally. The cheese is rich in unique flavors. The compound trans-geranylgeraniol present in goat cheese provides antioxidant properties as well as enhance preservation. The octadecanoic acid provides texture and stability of cheese. The distinct goat flavor is attributed to compounds like caprylic acid. The aroma and taste are further enriched by sulfurous acid (heptadecyl 2-pentyl ester), making the cheese a sensory delight. Research on food and variations in cheese flavor compounds can be useful in uncovering further benefits of goat cheese produced in Chitlang.



Goat Cheese and GC-MS/MS

Bamboo: A Rising Sustainable Revolution

INSIGHTS FROM 1ST NATIONAL BAMBOO CONFERENCE 2025

By Mukesh Maharjan and Binita Silwal

The first National Bamboo conference was a three-day event held on Khotang, Diktel from February 27 to March 1 under a theme “Bamboo: Growing Green Economy, Sustaining Our Future”. This event was organized by local and national authorities, including the main organizer Diktel Rupakot Majhuwagadhi Municipality and other organizer Ministry of Tourism, Forest, and Environment, and Green Bamboo Creation Pvt. Ltd. This event mainly focused on promoting bamboo as a sustainable resource for economic and environmental benefits in Nepal. The forest biomaterials team from MBUST had the opportunity to participate in this event and got a chance to engage with policymakers, fellow researchers, entrepreneurs and farmers. The conference brought together experts, policymakers, entrepreneurs, and researchers to discuss innovations, opportunities, and challenges in the bamboo sector. This conference highlighted bamboo’s versatile applications, from construction to handicrafts. This event featured keynotes, panel discussions, exhibitions and presentations in bamboo research. This article highlights the key discussions, insights, and recommendations derived from the event.

Our team gave presentation on topic “Research on mainstreaming bamboo as a structural material: material characterization and natural treatment”. We highlighted our present research work carrying in our university on material characterization of two species of bamboos i.e. *Bambusa balcooa* and *Bambusa nutans* for structural application. Also the natural treatment to improve the durability of the bamboo material for construction. Notably, our research is pioneer in the field of bamboo with direct application in bamboo structural design, construction industry and standarization of protocol in bamboo treatment.

Key Issues to be Addressed from Bamboo Conference

1. Identifying opportunities for bamboo-based products to strengthen Nepal’s green economy.
2. Promoting sustainable cultivation, commercialization, and market expansion for bamboo.
3. Discussing the role of bamboo in soil conservation, climate resilience, and biodiversity restoration.
4. Supporting policies to advance bamboo’s contribution to Nepal’s socio-economic prosperity.
5. Establishing research centers to explore bamboo’s potential as an alternative income source.
6. The conference seeks to promote bamboo as a vital economic resource, creating employment opportunities while contributing to Nepal’s ecological balance and climate resilience.



Glimpses of the First National Bamboo Conference

Exposure Visit to Organic/Commercial Farms

A LEARNING JOURNEY

By Ankita Nepal, Birendra Mahara, Choodamani Joshi, Nitesh Khatiwada, Pawan Kathayat, Prabin B.C., Saugat R.C., Dr. Sabin Basi, Dr. Rameshwar Rai

Background:

As part of the Master's degree curriculum in Organic Agriculture (OA), first-semester students recently embarked on an insightful three-day exposure visit to Madi Organic Farms and other agricultural sites in Chitwan and Dhading. The visit was organized with an objective:

- To participate in compulsory credit of "Organic Agricultural Food System and Agroecology" and "Soil Fertility and Soil Ecology in Organic Agriculture"
- To deepen understanding of organic farming practices, soil nutrition, and agroecology while fostering connections with key stakeholders in Nepal's organic agriculture sector, through field visit exposure

Key learnings of the exposure visit

Mar 23, Madi Organic Farm: The visit began with an early morning departure from Chitlang, traveling through Hetauda to reach Madi Organic Farm Stay in Chitwan. After a warm welcome, the team engaged in a session led by Dr. Bhaneshor Pokharel, who delivered an insightful lecture on protected horticulture. This was followed by a guided tour of the farm, where we observed both organic and technologically advanced inorganic farming methods in action. The day concluded with an open discussion, allowing participants to reflect on key takeaways.

Key learning:

Strengths

- Expert Leadership – Dr. Bhanu Pokharel (agrobiology, research-based farming)
- Research Hub – Collaborations (TU, AFU, NARC), multiple projects
- Agro-Tourism – Farm tours, training programs (additional revenue)
- Advanced Techniques – Automated irrigation, Azolla feed, high-value crops
- Financial Stability – 2.2 Crore NPR revenue (FY 79/80)

Weaknesses

- Limited Gov. Support – Subsidies, policy gaps, financial aid
- High Costs – Modern tech requires heavy investment
- Low Awareness – Organic/high-tech farming not widely adopted
- Infrastructure Limits – Trainee housing shortage, scaling difficulties

Opportunities

- Tech Expansion – Hydroponics, vertical farming, supplemental lighting
- Market-Driven Research – High-value crops, value-added products
- Green Jobs – Organic farming, compost production, agribusiness
- Institutional Partnerships – Research orgs, private sector collaborations

Threats

- Climate Risks – Unpredictable weather, natural disasters
- Market Competition – Conventional/industrialized farming pressure
- Policy Uncertainty – Lack of organic farming support policies



Glimpses of the visit

Mar 24, Chitwan:

Phoolbari, Bharatpur

The second day was packed with hands-on learning experiences. The team began with a morning visit to Madi Organic Farm, followed by explorations of Himalchuli Nature Farm Stay at Madi and Fulbari Organic Farm at Phoolbari, Bharatpur. Here, Chandra Prasad Adhikari, popularly known as "Organic Uncle", shared his inspiring journey in organic farming, discussing its current status and future prospects.

Key learning:

Strengths:

- Organic farming commitment
- Integrated farming (Black Soldier Fly, vermicomposting)
- Strong support networks
- Export partnerships
- Continuous learning & adaptation

Weaknesses:

- High labor costs (weed removal)
- Expensive organic certification
- Limited local market demand
- Slow adoption (financial constraints)

Opportunities:

- Growing organic demand (local & global)
- Government incentives & subsidies
- Export market expansion
- Organic pest control innovation
- Mechanized weed control

Threats:

- Competition from conventional farming
- High certification dependency (foreign)
- Farmers reverting to chemical farming
- Climate change risks

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Agrovine Pvt. Ltd.

The team then visited Agrovine Pvt. Ltd., where we gained valuable insights about strawberry farming, its challenges, and potential growth opportunities.

Key Learning:

Strengths:

- Drip irrigation, plastic mulching, water efficiency
- Varietal research, PhD/Master's collaboration, disease resistance
- Market-oriented, direct farm sales (70%), retail supply (30%)
- Government support, PMAMP, AKC, irrigation assistance
- Experienced leadership, Susan Devkota, University of Florida

Weaknesses:

- Limited workforce, only one permanent staff, temporary labor dependency
- Financial constraints, high investment (NPR 70-80 lakh), limited infrastructure
- Land leasing, long-term sustainability risk

Opportunities:

- Expansion to Pokhara, market reach growth
- Increasing demand, urban retail markets
- Research-driven innovation, resilient strawberry varieties
- Government policy reforms, better resource allocation

Threats:

- Input supply issues, fertilizer and seed availability
- Pests & diseases, Sulsole pest, Botrytis (gray mold)
- Market risks, price fluctuations, large buyer dependency (Bhatbhateni)

ObiFert Pvt. Ltd .

Another highlight of the day was a visit to ObiFert Pvt.Ltd., where Roshan K.C., one of the company's owners, provided an in-depth overview of organic fertilizer production especially on the certification, packaging and distribution of the product at their facility in Tadhi, Chitwan.

Key Learning:

Strengths:

- Certified Products – NOP (USA), NPOP (Europe), COS (Canada)
- Established Brand – "ObiFert" recognition
- Efficient Composting – EM (EMCO Balaju), aerobic windrow method
- Quality Control – Testing (Astha Lab), field trials (NARC)
- Well-Equipped Facilities – Composting (Nuwakot, Chitwan), packaging (Chitwan)
- Research Collaboration – Lamjung Campus, AFU, potential MBUST tie-up

Weaknesses:

- Regulatory Challenges – Inconsistent govt. testing, weak enforcement
- Nutrient Limitations – Gov. reduced nitrogen (1.5% → 1%)
- High Production Time – 3-month composting process
- Third-Party Dependence – EM (EMCO Balaju), testing (Astha Lab)

Opportunities:

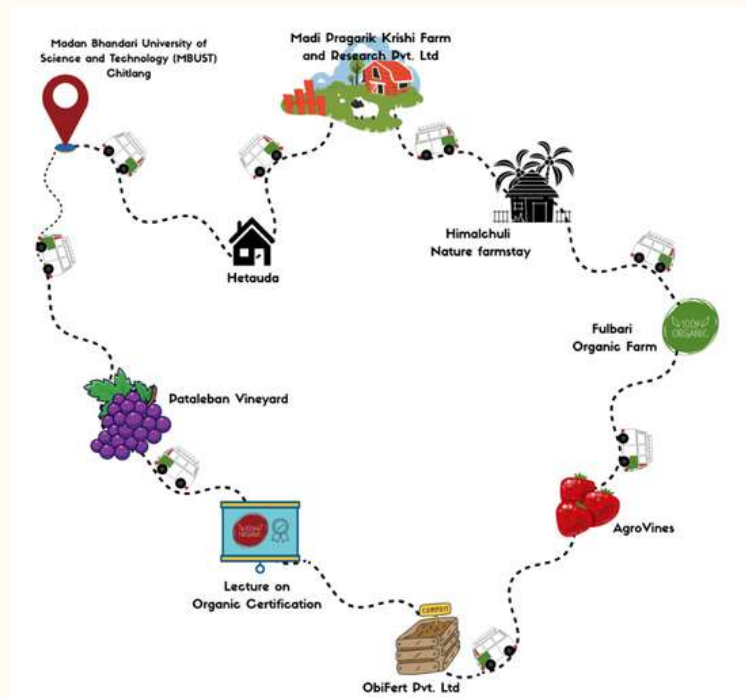
- Expansion Potential – Increase production & market reach
- New Collaborations – MBUST for R&D, student projects
- Growing Demand – Rising organic farming adoption
- Product Diversification – Bio-fertilizer blends (higher nutrients)

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Challenges:

- Market Competition – Synthetic fertilizers, other organic brands
- Price Sensitivity – Rs. 40/kg vs. cheaper alternatives
- Environmental Factors – Weather, supply chain disruptions
- Govt. Policy – Weak support for organic fertilizer industry



A Sustainable Journey from MBUST to Madi Organic Farm and Beyond!

Organic Certification Nepal:

The day concluded with an enlightening lecture by Mr. Basanta Ranabhat, Chairperson of OCN Nepal, who discussed the history and future of organic certification in Nepal.

Key Learning:

Strengths:

- Agricultural land: 26% organic/conversion
- Certification: Organic Certification Nepal (OCN)
- International standards: USDA NOP, EU, JAS, COR
- Sustainability: Eco-friendly organic agriculture
- Farming techniques: IPM, permaculture, regenerative, climate-smart

Weaknesses:

- Lack of trained inspectors, potential conflicts
- High certification cost, not feasible for small farmers
- Market access issues, international standards compliance
- Limited policies, low awareness of organic certification

Opportunities:

- Govt-private collaboration, cost subsidies for certification
- Group certification: Participatory Guarantee System (PGS)
- Global market expansion, partnerships with SriCert, BIOCert, ACO, QCS
- Marketing campaigns, boosting organic product demand

Challenges:

- Competition: Cheaper conventional produce
- Fraud risk, weak enforcement in organic certification
- Dependence on foreign certifiers, high costs, bureaucracy
- Climate change, environmental uncertainties affecting production

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Mar 25, Chitwan:

Pataleban Vineyard

On the final day, the team traveled to Dhading to visit Pataleban Vineyard, where they explored different grape varieties cultivated for wine making. By evening, the team returned to Kathmandu, enriched with a wealth of knowledge and inspiration about organic farming and its prospects in Nepal.

Key Learning:

Strengths:

- Established vineyard, multiple locations
- 20+ grape varieties, hybrids
- Own wine factory, quality control
- Trellis training, vineyard management
- Employment: 30-40 workers/year-round

Weaknesses:

- High investment: saplings, factory, maintenance
- Labor-intensive, workforce management
- Lack of government support: technical, financial
- Regulatory, taxation challenges

Opportunities:

- Expansion: lower-altitude regions, mechanization
- Seedless grape varieties, market demand
- Agro-tourism, hotel in Kaule
- Early-ripening, monsoon mitigation
- Domestic, and international wine market growth

Challenges:

- Weather risks: monsoons, hailstorms
- Import restrictions, quarantine on saplings
- Mechanization difficulty, hilly terrain
- Limited awareness, market penetration

Conclusion

The visit showcased the significant possibilities of organic and commercial agriculture in Nepal, emphasized by creative methods, effective leadership, and expanding market prospects. Advantages like cutting-edge methods, research partnerships, and agro-tourism projects showcase the sector's feasibility, whereas drawbacks such as elevated expenses, minimal governmental assistance, and infrastructure deficiencies highlight aspects requiring focus. There are numerous opportunities to advance technology (e.g., hydroponics, vertical farming), leveraging worldwide organic demand, and promoting public-private collaborations. Nevertheless, dangers like climate change, market rivalry, and uncertain policies present considerable obstacles.

In the end, the experience emphasized that sustainable agriculture in Nepal relies on harmonizing innovation with cost-effectiveness, enhancing institutional backing, and increasing awareness. By tackling these issues and utilizing their advantages, Nepal's organic farming industry can prosper, aiding in food security, environmental sustainability, and economic development. This exposure visit was a success, thanks to the active participation of our dedicated team members. Their enthusiasm and engagement played a crucial role in making this learning experience impactful. The visit reinforced the importance of organic farming and sustainable agricultural practices in Nepal.

Happy New Year 2082

WISHING EVERYONE A VERY HAPPY, PROSPEROUS AND
INNOVATIVE NEW YEAR 2082 BS!

By MBUST Staff and Students



Photo by Pawan Kathayat



Photo by Srijana Dangj



Photo by Pawan Kathayat

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